

FACT SHEET: Health Care in New Hampshire
What the Affordable Care Act is doing for New Hampshire families

The Affordable Care Act has already covered nearly one in three uninsured Americans – more than sixteen million – and improved coverage for virtually everyone with health coverage. Americans can no longer be denied coverage because of preexisting conditions, women can't be charged more just for being women, and there are no more annual caps on the care patients receive. Hospitals, doctors and other providers are changing the way they operate to deliver better care at lower cost. Hospitals, doctors and other providers are changing the way they operate to deliver better care at lower cost. In the years to come, the ability to buy portable and affordable plans on a competitive marketplace will allow countless Americans to move, start businesses, and dream big American dreams -- without worrying if an illness will bankrupt them. Here is how the Affordable Care Act is working for families in New Hampshire:

After Health Reform: Improved Access to Care

- Gallup recently estimated that the uninsured rate in New Hampshire in 2014 was 12.8 percent, down from 13.8 percent in 2013.
- Prohibits coverage denials and reduced benefits, protecting as many as 597,050 New Hampshire residents who have some type of pre-existing health condition, including 68,589 children.
- Eliminates lifetime and annual limits on insurance coverage and establishes annual limits on out-of-pocket spending on essential health benefits, benefiting 545,000 people in New Hampshire, including 208,000 women and 140,000 children.
- Expands Medicaid to all non-eligible adults with incomes under 133% of the federal poverty level. 47,826 more people in New Hampshire have gained Medicaid or CHIP coverage since the beginning of the Health Insurance Marketplace first open enrollment period.
- Establishes a system of state and federal health insurance exchanges, or marketplaces, to make it easier for individuals and small-business employees to purchase health plans at affordable prices through which 45,607 people in New Hampshire were covered in March 2015.

- Created a temporary high-risk pool program to cover uninsured people with pre-existing conditions prior to 2014 reforms which helped more than 775 people in New Hampshire.
- Creates health plan disclosure requirements and simple, standardized summaries so 820,600 people in New Hampshire can better understand coverage information and compare benefits.

After Health Reform: More Affordable Care

- Creates a tax credit to help 29,996 people in New Hampshire who otherwise cannot afford it purchase health coverage through health insurance marketplaces.
- Requires health insurers to provide consumers with rebates if the amount they spend on health benefits and quality of care, as opposed to advertising and marketing, is too low. Last year, 46,338 consumers in New Hampshire received \$5,468,712 in rebates.
- Eliminates out-of-pocket costs for preventive services like immunizations, certain cancer screenings, contraception, reproductive counseling, obesity screening, and behavioral assessments for children. This coverage is guaranteed for more than 690,524 people in New Hampshire including 285,949 women.
- Eliminates out-of-pocket costs for 183,862 Medicare beneficiaries in New Hampshire for preventive services like cancer screenings, bone-mass measurements, annual physicals, and smoking cessation.
- Phases out the “donut hole” coverage gap for 18,916 Medicare prescription drug beneficiaries in New Hampshire, who have saved an average of \$904 per beneficiary.
- Creates Accountable Care Organizations consisting of doctors and other health-care providers who share in savings from keeping patients well while improving quality, helping 51,230 Medicare beneficiaries in New Hampshire.
- Phases out overpayments through the Medicare Advantage system, while requiring Medicare Advantage plans to spend at least 85 percent of Medicare revenue on patient care. Medicare Advantage enrollment has grown by 5,181 to 17,607 in New Hampshire since 2009.

After Health Reform: Improved Quality and Accountability to You

- Provides incentives to hospitals in Medicare to reduce hospital-acquired infections and avoidable readmissions. Creates a collaborative health-safety learning network, the Partnership for Patients, that includes 26 hospitals in New Hampshire to promote best quality practices.

We're not done. Other legislation and executive actions are continuing to advance the cause of effective, accountable and affordable health care. This includes:

- Incentive payments for doctors, hospitals, and other providers to adopt and use certified electronic health records (EHR). In New Hampshire more than 58.7 percent of hospitals and 54.6 percent of providers have electronic health records systems.
- A new funding pool for Community Health Centers to build, expand and operate health-care facilities in underserved communities. Health Center grantees in New Hampshire now serve 70,884 patients and received \$35,782,469 under the health care law to offer a broader array of primary care services, extend their hours of operations, hire more providers, and renovate or build new clinical spaces.
- Health provider training opportunities, with an emphasis on primary care, including a significant expansion of the National Health Service Corps. As of September 30, 2014, there were 17 Corps clinicians providing primary care services in New Hampshire, compared to 7 clinicians in 2008.

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